FIASHTEST

[Product Name]
Porcine Circovirus type 3 (PCV3) PCR Test Kit(Lyophilized)

[Intended Use]
This kit is suitable for the detection of Porcine Circovirus type 3, and to the detection of Porcine Circovirus type 3 and to the auxiliary diagnosis of clinical Porcine Circovirus type 3 infection, but it is not for confirmation of the diagnosis. This product requires operation with a fluorescence quantitative PCR instrument at can achieve rapid POCT detection.

can achieve rapid POC1 detection.

[Testing Principle]
The test kit uses nucleic acid extraction reagents to extract the nucleic acid (DNA/RNA) from the sample.
Under the action of a high-efficiency reverse transcriptase, cDNA complementary to the RNA template is synthesized in a one-step reactic using RNA as the template. Under the action of an encyme, the copy number of the specific target fragment is amplified through cycles of high-temperature denaturation, annealing at a moderate temperature, and extension using DNA as the template. The fluorescence-labeled specific probe hybridizes with the amplified target fragment, and the 5'-exonuclease activity of Tag polymerase separates the reporting group a quencher group of the fluorescence signal is detected using a fluorescence PCR instrument, and the result is determined based on the Ct value of the sample and the formation of the amplification curve.

[Contents]			
Item	Quantity	Storage	
PCR master mix	16 pcs	-20°C (Away from light)	
Instructions for use	1 pcs		
Sample buffer	16 pcs	Room Temperature	
Swab	16 pcs	100m remperature	
Biohazard bag	16 pcs		

[Storage conditions and shelf life]
1. Shelf life: 24 months.
2. Production date and expiration da

[Compatible Instruments]
This test kit is compatible with FLASHTEST r
fluorescence PCR instrument.

[Sample] EDTA anti

- [Sample Handling]

 1. EDTA anticoagulated blood: Collect blood using a blood collection tube containing EDTA anticoagulant. Add 100 µL of blood to the sample buffer with a disposable dropper. Thoroughly mix the sample buffer with a disposable dropper. Thoroughly mix the sample buffer with a repetitive pipetting action, using the disposable dropper.

 2. Swab:

 Nose, throat swab: Use a swab to moderately wipe the oral, nasal secondane.
- secretions.

 With the swab in the sample buffer, shake it thoroughly to fully dissort the pathlogen on the swab head into the buffer.

 3. Add 200 µL of mixed buffer to the nucleic acid extraction cartridge fextraction.

[Specimen storage]
Samples used for nucleic acid extraction and detection should be tested as soon as possible.
Samples to be tested within 24 hours can be stored at 4°C.
Samples that can not be tested within 24 hours should be stored at -20°C for up to 10 days.
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of samples.

[Instructions for Use]

1. Add Elution

1. Add 2DuL of elution from magnetic bead extraction, to each PCR tube Close the lid tightly.

1.2 Shake all the liquid to the bottom of the PCR tube. Use the vortex mixer to mix the PCR tube thoroughly, for 5 seconds. After mixing, make sure all liquid is at the bottom of the PCR tube, by shaking the tube again (optional: use a small centrifuge for 3 seconds to shift all liquids to the

2.1 Set the parameters as follows:			
Step	Temperature	Time	Cycle
1	55°C	3min	1
2	94°C	30s	1
3	94°C	5s	×40

58°C

2.2The reaction volume is $20\mu\text{L}.$ Fluorescence channels:					
	Channel	FAM	VIC	ROX	Cy5
	Target		Internal reference		Porcine Circovirus

3. Result Interpretation 3.1 Reference Range:			
Parameter	Reference Range	Result Interpretation	
Internal	Ct ≤ 37 and there is a clear exponential amplification curve	Valid	
Control	Ct > 37 or No Ct	Invalid	
Pathogen	Ct ≤ 37 and there is a clear exponential amplification curve	Positive	
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3.2 Test Result Interpretation			
	Pathogen Result	Internal Control Result	Test Result Interpretation
	Positive	Valid	Pathogen Positive
	Negative	Valid	Pathogen Negative
	Any Result	Invalid	Test invalid, please

Trest Limitations]

1. The test results of this kit should be comprehensively analyzed in conjunction with other relevant physical examination results and should not be used as the sole basis for diagnosis.

2. Improper sample collection, transportation, storage, handling, and inadequate laboratory conditions may lead to inaccurate results.

3. Other unconfirmed interferences or PCR inhibitors may lead to false negative results.

4. Sequence variations caused by mutations or other factors in the targing gene of the virus being tested may lead to false negative results.

- gene or the virus being tested may lead to false negative results.

 [Product Performanco]

 1. Positive and negative control consistency: The positive and negative control consistency: The positive and negative working reference materials, and the positive and negative compliance rates are both 100%.

 2. Sensitivity: [mint of detection is 500 copies/mL.

 3. Specificity: This assay does not cross-react with non-target pathogen samples.

 4. Precision: The coefficient of variation (CV, %) of the Ct values for 10 consecutive tests of one strong positive sample and one weak positive sample is ≤5%.

- sample is 50%.

 [Notes]

 1. Before using a PCR kit, check the lyophilized PCR mix at the bottom of the tube is in good condition (white and clumped). Liquified lyophilized PCR mix an not be used. After opening, it should be used as soon as possible or stored away from light.

 2. This product is only for in vitro testing (for animals). All operations mus strictly follow the instructions.

 3. Overloading samples may result in false negatives. Retest is recommended.

 4. Avoid bubbles in PCR tubes. Keep the tube cap firmly closed.

 5. Use disposable tips, gloves, and laboratory coats.

 6. After tests, disinfect the workbench with 10% hypochlorous acid, 75% ethanol, or UV light.

 7. All items in the kit should be treated as biowaste and handled in accordance with local laboratory regulations.